

Status and Perspective of the
**High Intensity Heavy-Ion
Accelerator Facility (HIAF)**

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Tsinghua University, 2018.4.8-10**

Outline

- **Introduction**
- **HIAF and Its Physics**
- **Future Plan and EicC**

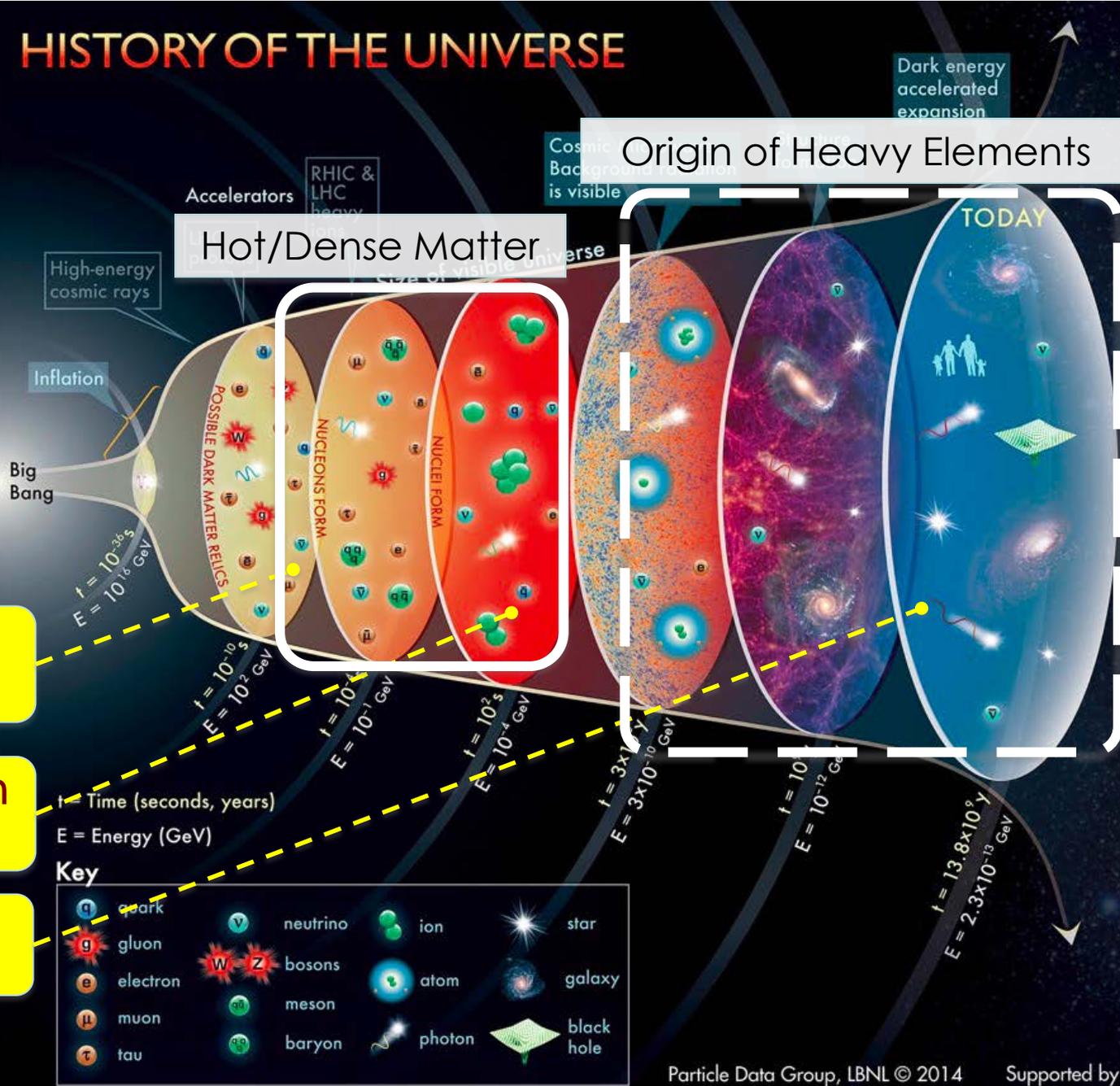
HISTORY OF THE UNIVERSE

Big-Bang

QGP

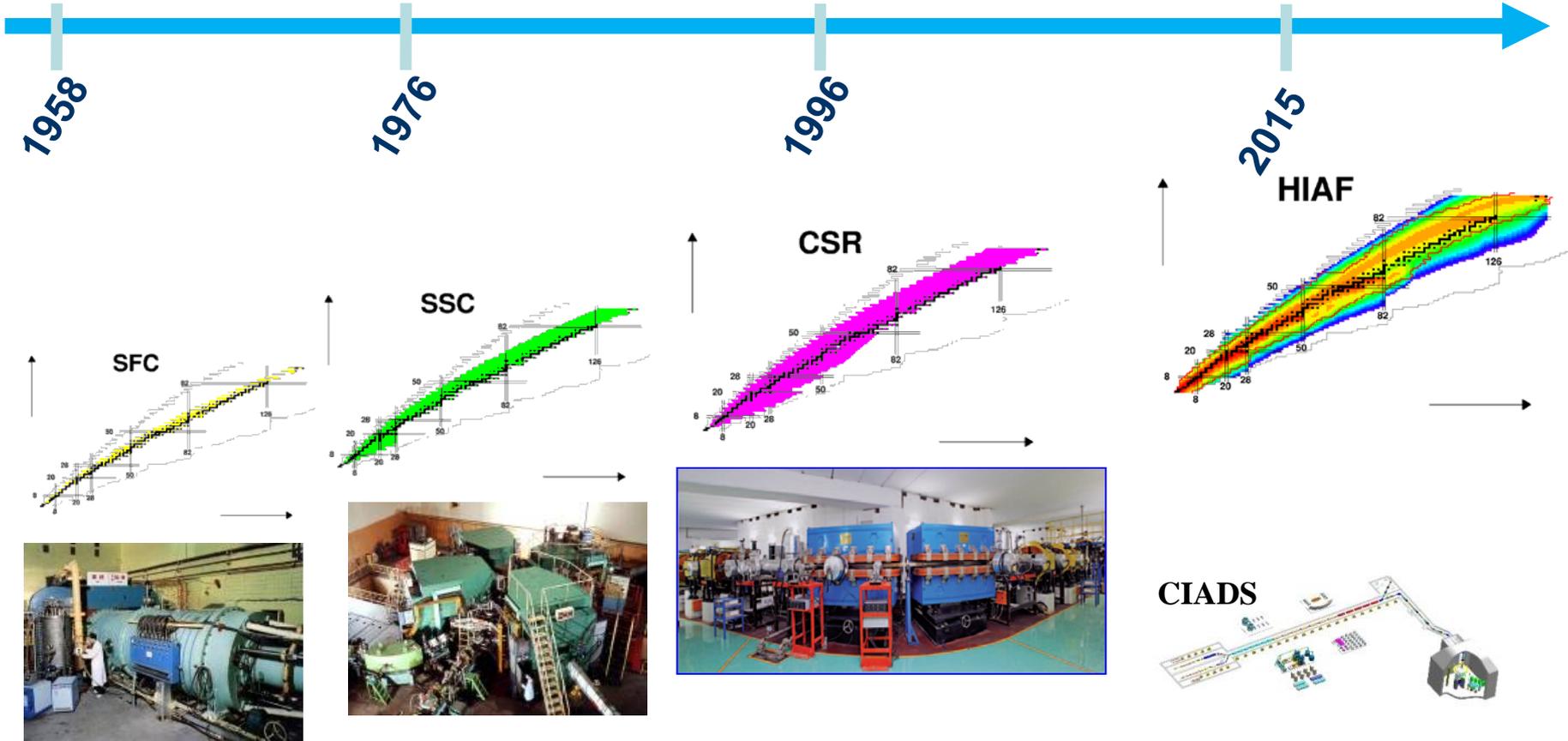
Formation of Nuclei

Today Universe



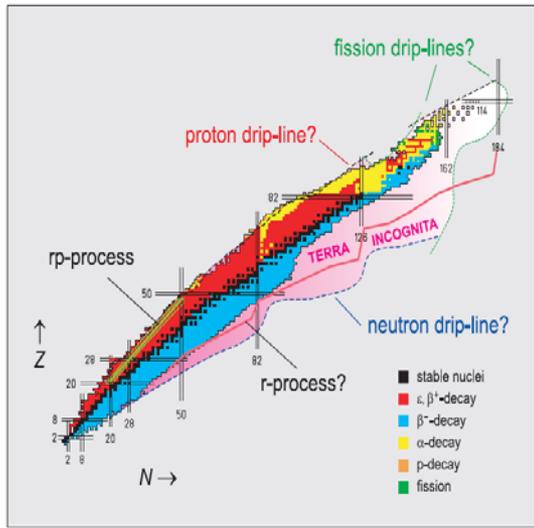
IMP Facilities History

Institute of Modern Physics (IMP)



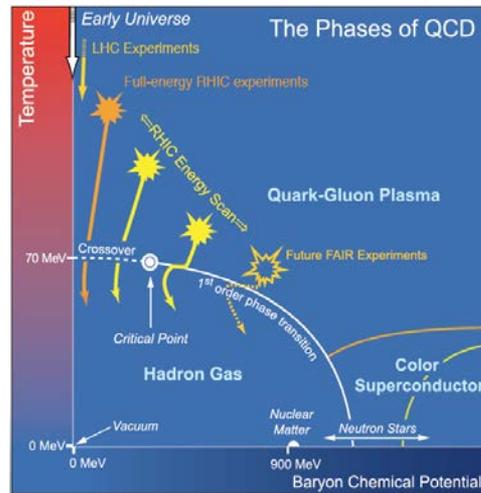
Nuclear Physics Research Plan at IMP

Nuclear Structure



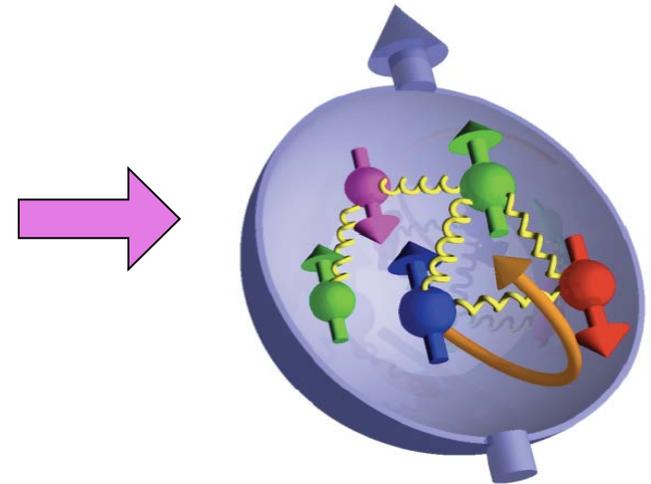
CSR

QCD Phase Structure



CEE/HIAF

Nucleon Structure

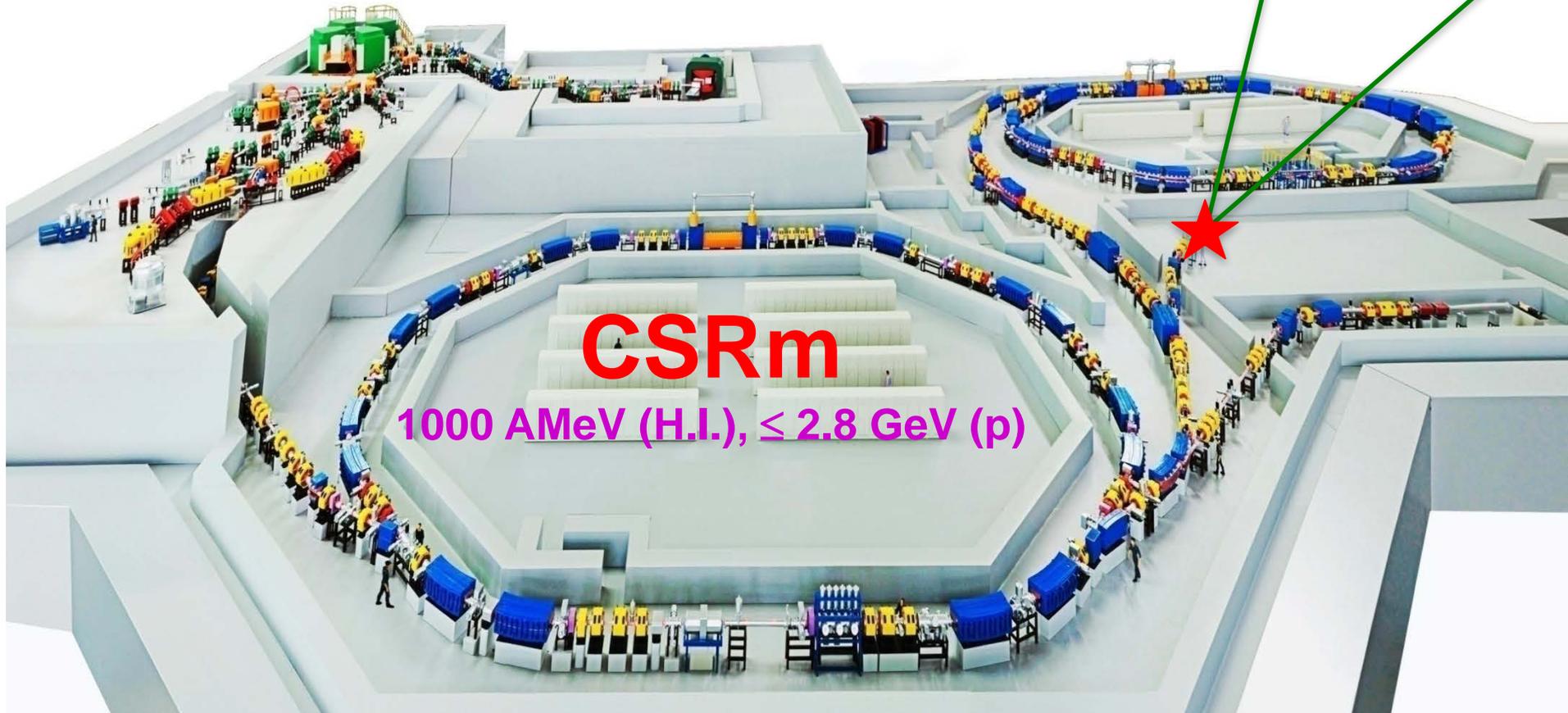
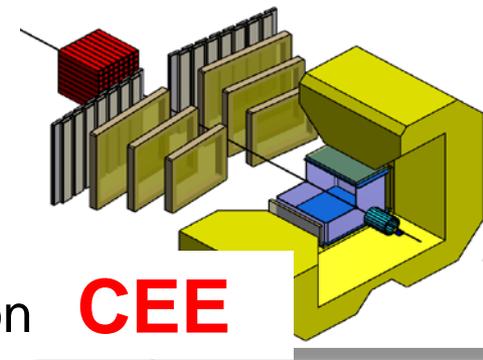


EicC

Lanzhou(HIRFL-CSR)

CEE: CSR External-target Experiment

- 1) Extreme high baryon density and low temperature region
- 2) Strong nucleonic interactions



High Intensity heavy-ion Accelerator Facility (HIAF)

- One of 16 large-scale research facilities proposed in China in order to boost basic science in 12th – 5 years plan (2011-2015)
- Approved was in December 2015. Budget: 1.5+1.1B CNY
- Now it is under technical design, will start construction in 2018
- Operation in 2024

High Intensity heavy-ion Accelerator Facility (HIAF)

BRing2: Booster ring 2
 Circumference: 600 m
 Rigidity: 86 Tm

Beam stacking
 Super-conducting

Primary beam I vs: HIRFL: $10^3 - 10^4$

Secondary beam I vs: HIRFL: 10^4

SRing: Spectrometer ring
 Circumference: 273m
 Rigidity: 13-15 Tm
 Electron/Stochastic cooling
 Two TOF detectors
 Four operation modes

MRing: Figure "8" ring
 Circumference: 273m
 Rigidity: 15 Tm
 Ion-ion merging

SECRAL and FECR
 28-45GHz, 1.0emA(U^{35+})

Low energy nuclear
 structure terminal

iLinac: Superconducting linac
 Length: 100 m
 Energy: 17~22 MeV/u($U^{35+} \sim 46+$)

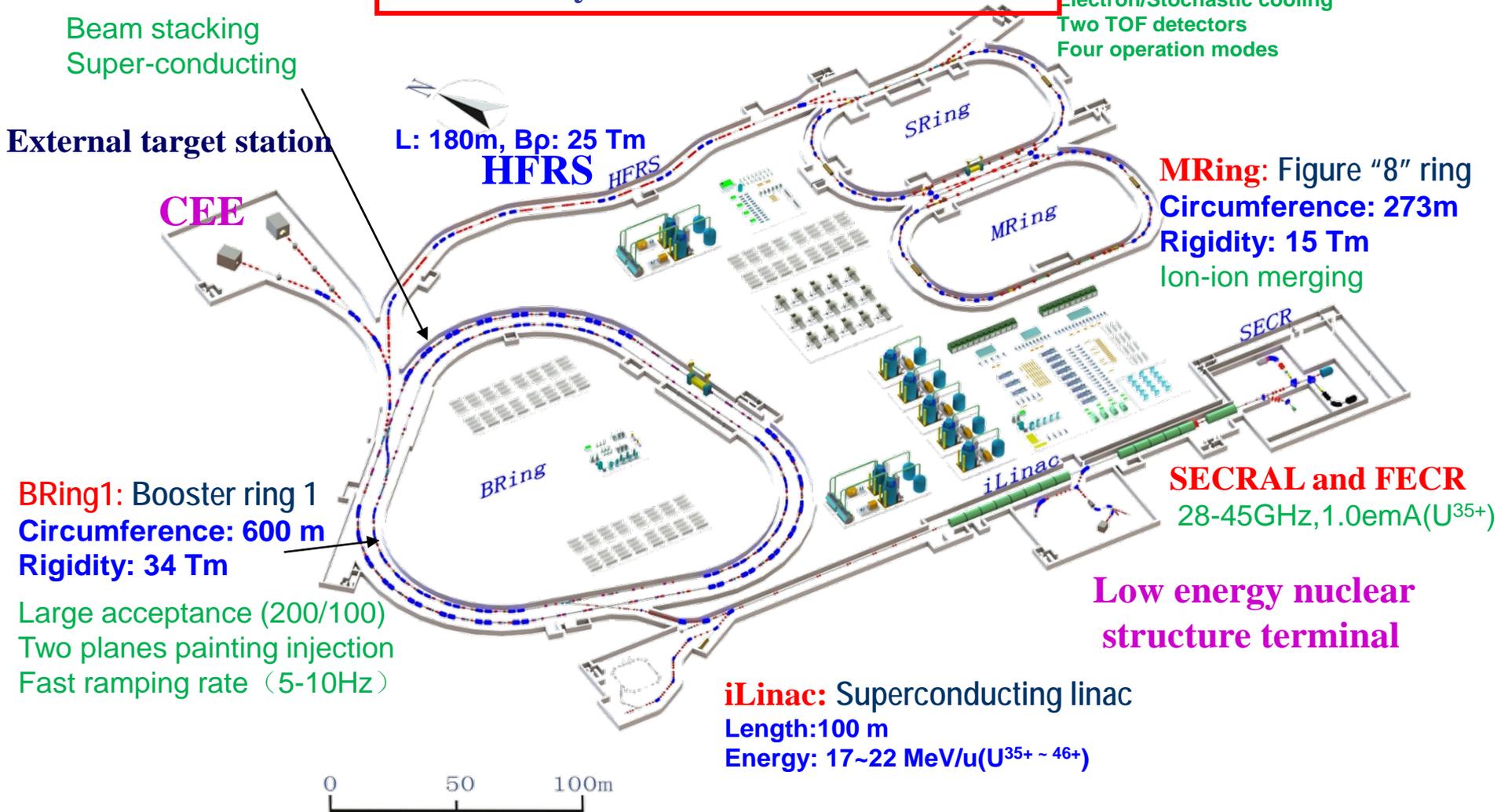
BRing1: Booster ring 1
 Circumference: 600 m
 Rigidity: 34 Tm

Large acceptance (200/100)
 Two planes painting injection
 Fast ramping rate (5-10Hz)

External target station

CEE

L: 180m, Bp: 25 Tm
HFRS



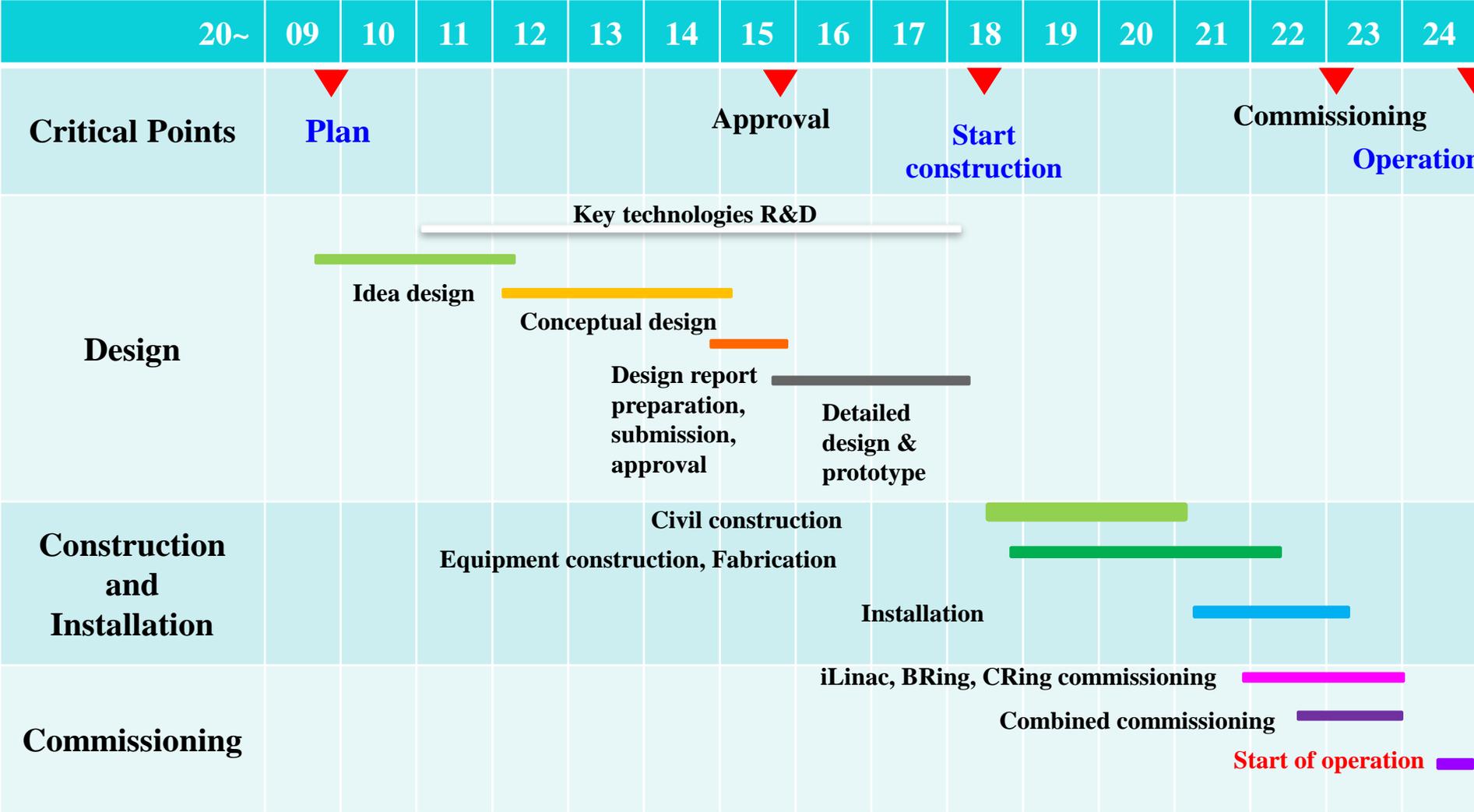
HIAF Beam Parameters

	Ions	Energy	Intensity
SECR	$^{238}\text{U}^{35+ \sim 46+}$	14 keV/u	0.05-0.1 pmA
iLinac	$^{238}\text{U}^{35+ \sim 46+}$	17~22 MeV/u	0.028-0.05 pmA
BRing1	$^{238}\text{U}^{35+ \sim 46+}$	0.8~1.2 GeV/u	2.0×10^{11} ppp
BRing2	$^{238}\text{U}^{35+ \sim 46+}$	3~4.1 GeV/u	$\sim 1.0 \times 10^{12}$ ppp
	$^{238}\text{U}^{92+}$	3.8 GeV/u	$\sim 5.0 \times 10^{11}$ ppp
SRing	RIBs: neutron-rich, proton-rich	0.84 GeV/u(A/q=3)	$\sim 10^{9-10}$ ppp
	Fully stripped heavy ions H-like, He-like heavy ions	0.8 GeV/u($^{238}\text{U}^{92+}$)	$\sim 10^{11-12}$ ppp

The highest intensity pulsed heavy ion beam in the world

Institute	Machine	Planned Intensity	Achieved Intensity	Ion species	Repetition rate
JINR	NICA Booster	4×10^9		Au ³²⁺	
GSI	SIS18	1.0×10^{11}	3×10^{10}	U ²⁸⁺	3Hz
FAIR	SIS100	4.0×10^{11}		U ²⁸⁺	
IMP	HIAF-BRing1	2.0×10^{11}		U ³⁵⁺	5-10Hz, 10-20Hz
IMP	HIAF-BRing2	1.0×10^{12}		U ³⁵⁺	

HIAF Schedule



Physics Topics at HIAF

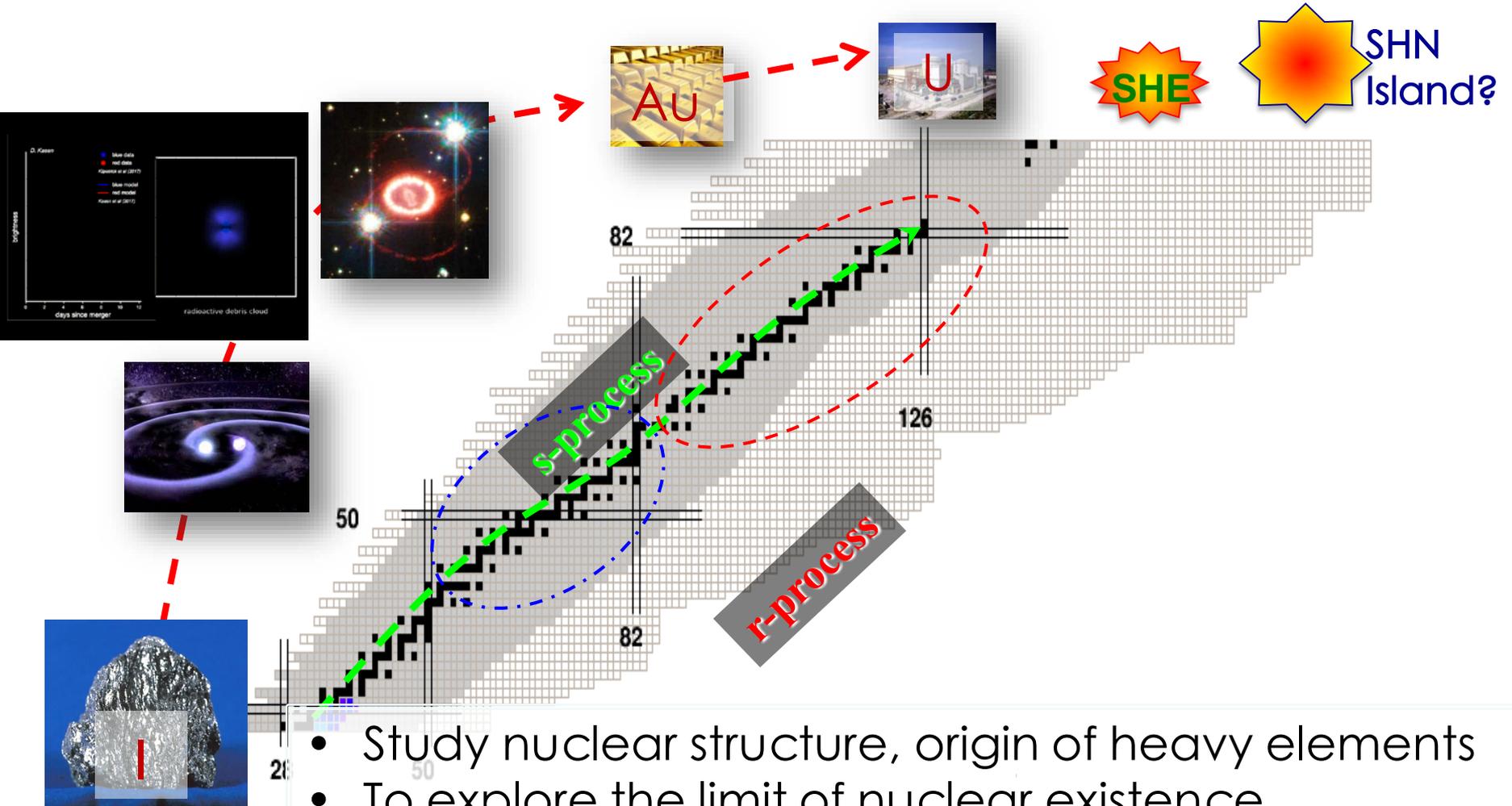
T1: Nuclear structure and reaction dynamics

T2: QCD phase structure at high baryon density

T3: QCD and Nucleon structure

T4: Applications

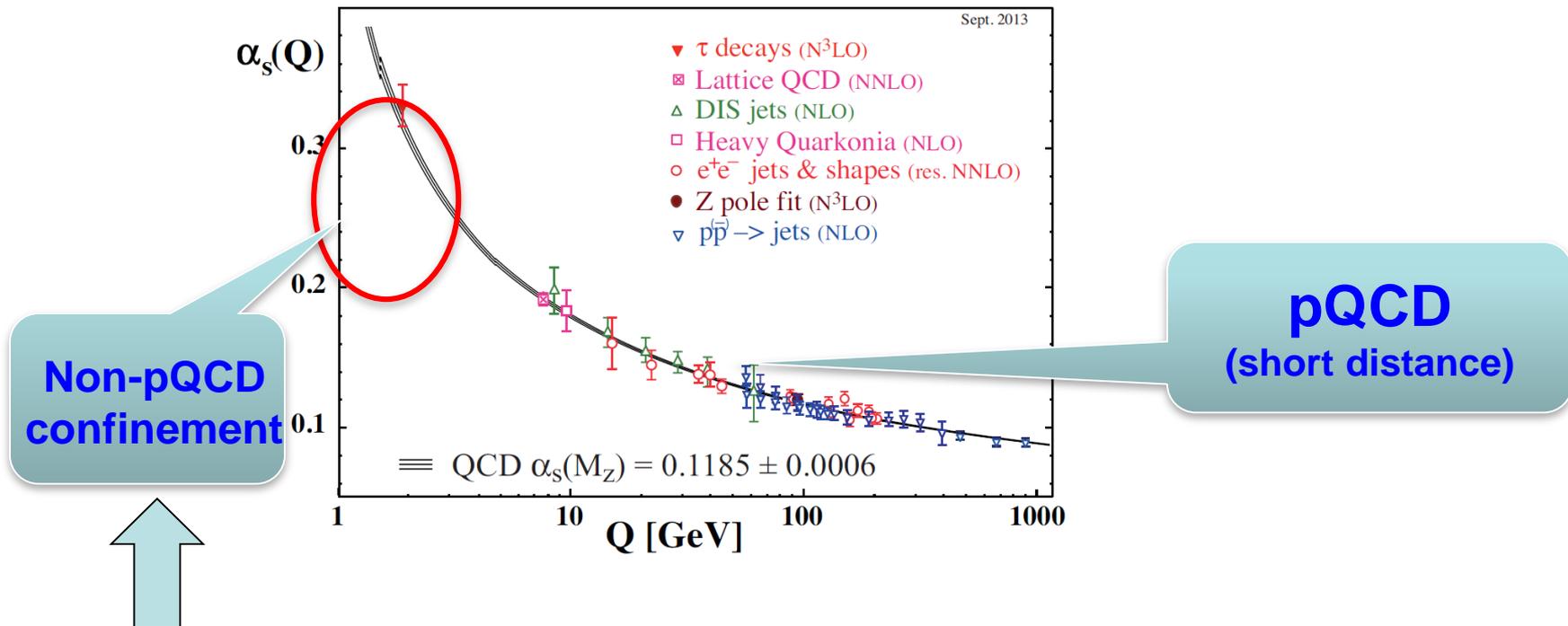
T1: The Origin of (heavy) Elements



- Study nuclear structure, origin of heavy elements
- To explore the limit of nuclear existence
- Provide necessary information for astrophysics

QCD phase structure and nucleon structure

- QCD is the basic theory for strong interaction
- *QCD at short distance* : is well defined
- *QCD at long distance* : little is known regarding the dynamical structures of matter, e.g. the confinement, *nucleon structure*, the *QCD phases structure*



CEE/HIAF: the QCD phase structure

EicC: nucleon structure and hadronization

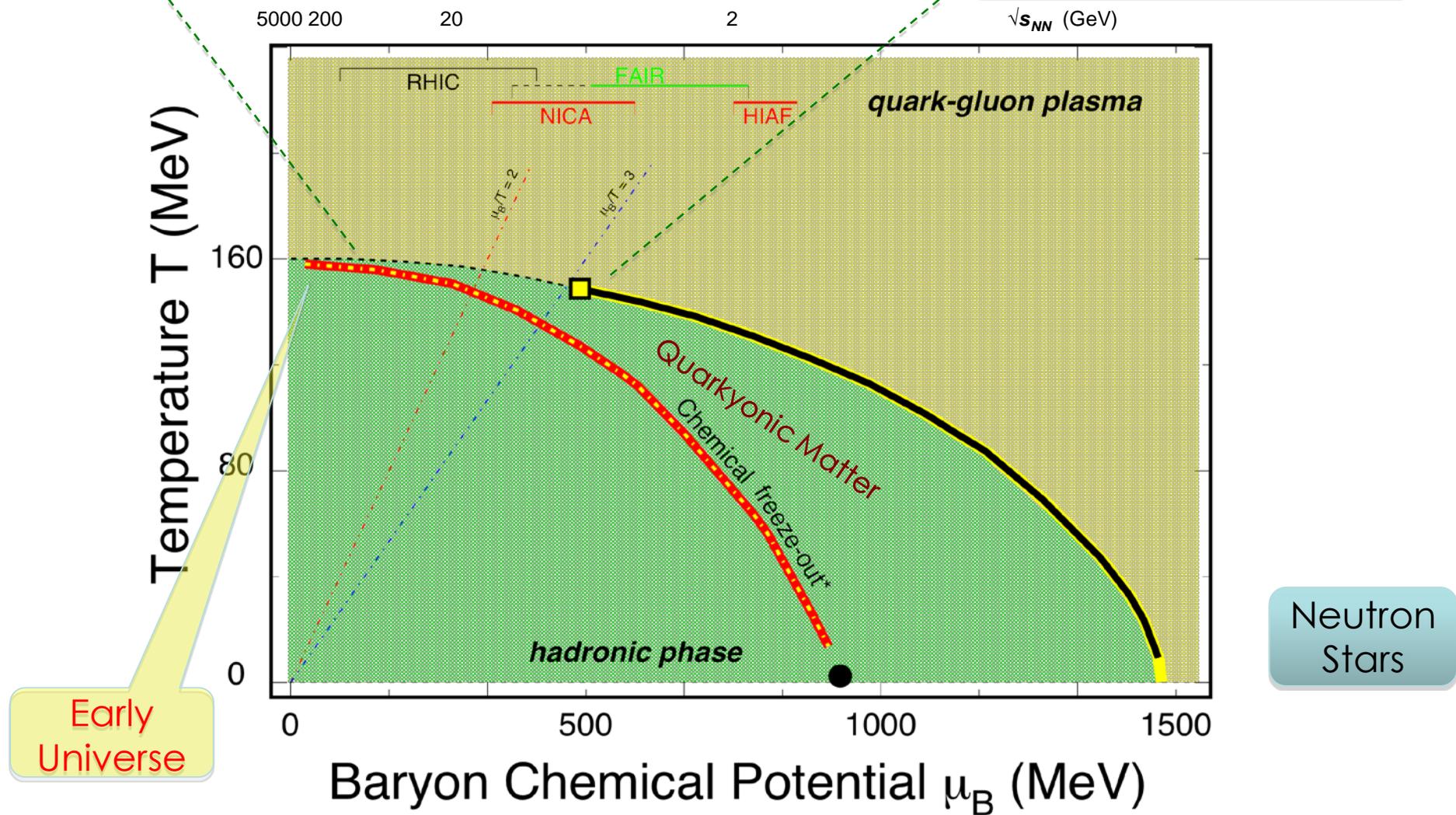
T2:QCD Phase Structure

- 1

$T_{in} \rightarrow T_C$
LHC, RHIC
- 2

T_E
RHIC, SPS
- 3

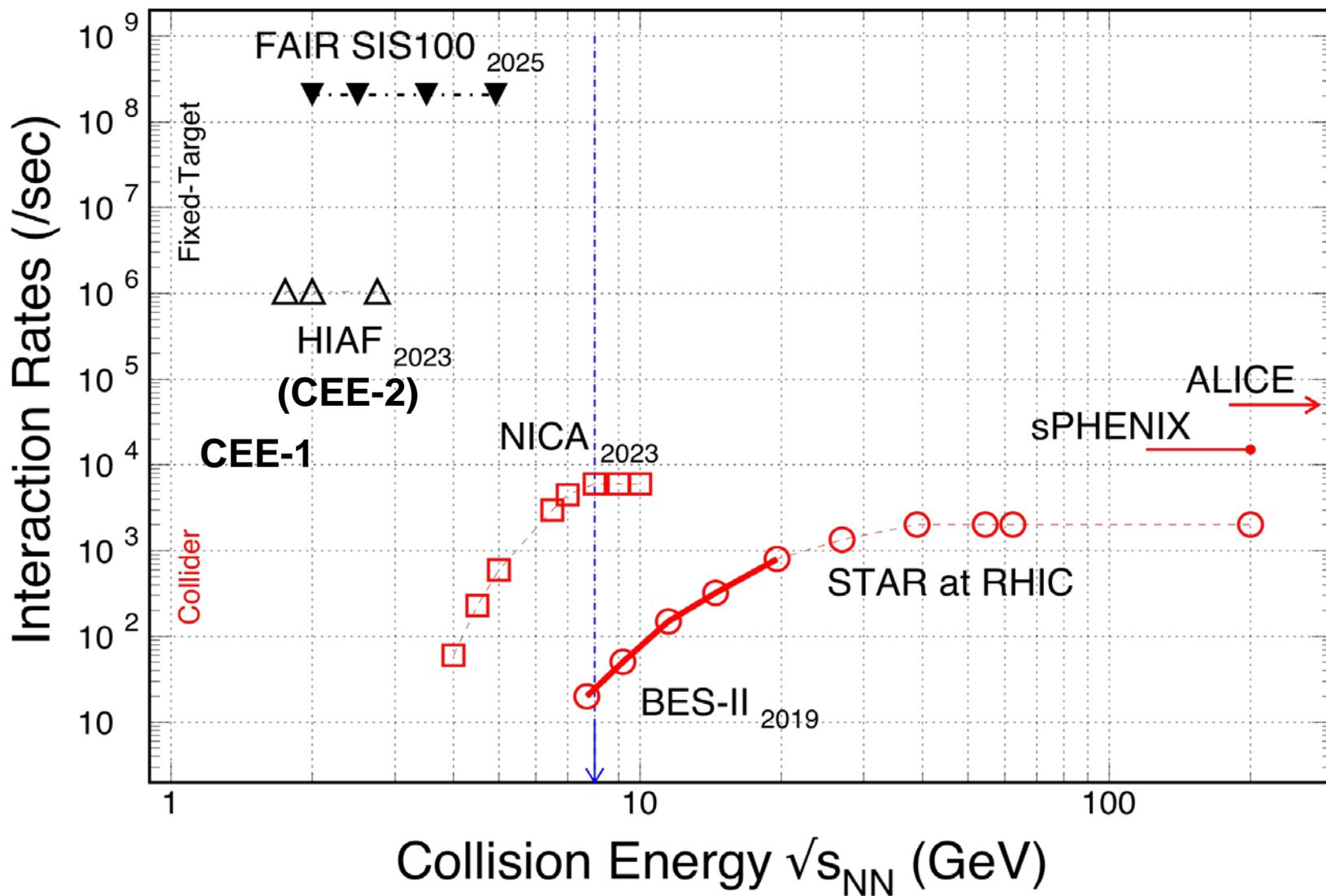
CP, Large μ_B
FAIR, NICA, HIAF



$T_C = 160 - 175 \text{ MeV} \approx 2 \cdot 10^{12} \text{ K}$

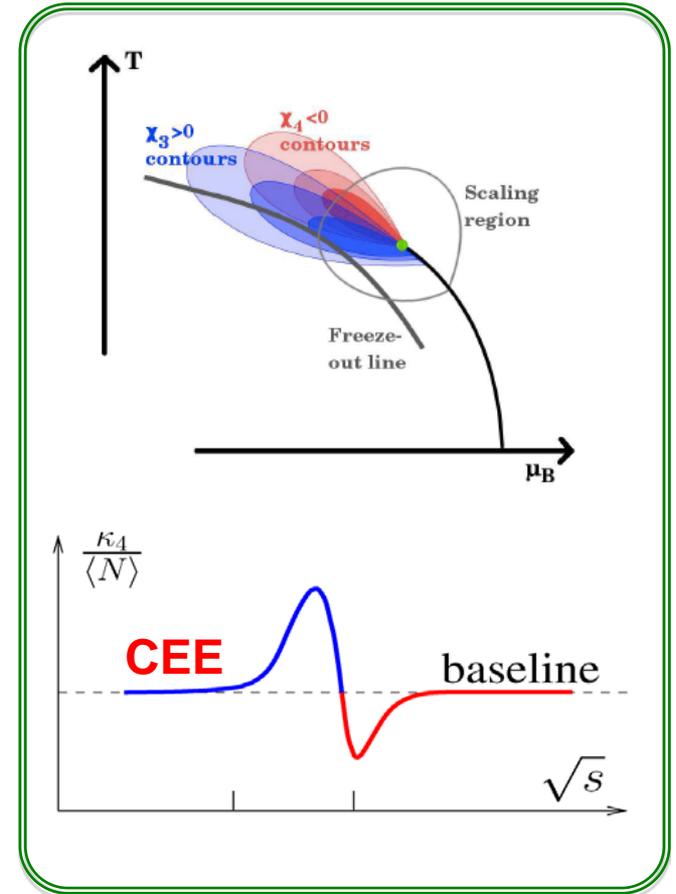
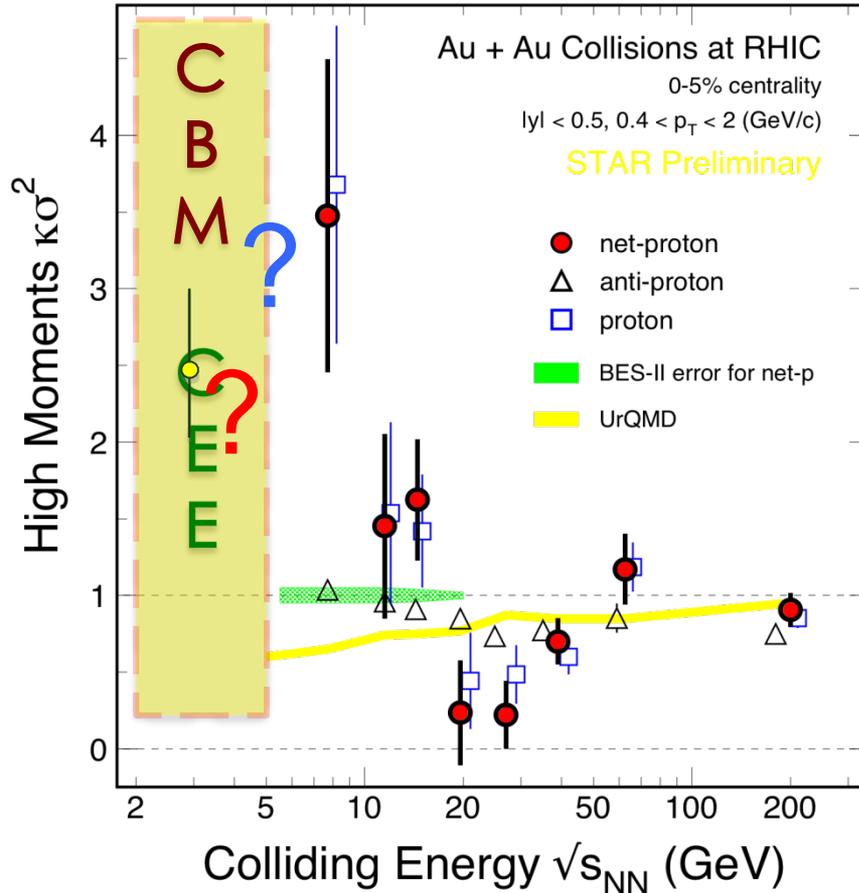
S. Gupta, X. Luo, B. Mohanty, H.G. Ritter, and N. Xu, *Science*, 332, 1525(2011)

Interaction Rates for Heavy Ion Collisions



Search for the QCD Critical Point

● HADES preliminary, SQM16, $|y| < 0.2$



- RHIC BES-II: dramatically reduce the errors!
- CBM/RHIC FXT/CEE Experiments

Key region for Critical Point search

Hunt for QCD Critical Point!

$$\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 2 - 11 \text{ GeV}, \quad 800 \geq \mu_B \geq 300 \text{ MeV}$$

America	RHIC	STAR (2019 - 2020)
Russia	NICA	MPD (2023)
Germany	FAIR	CBM (2025)
China	HIAF	CEE (2023)

Super Beam Energy Scan: **sBES**

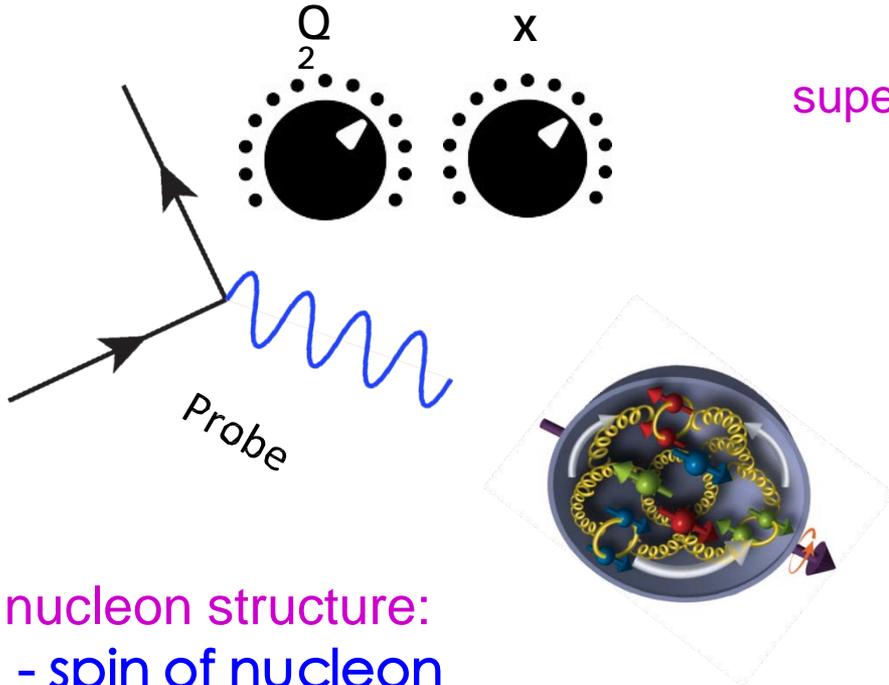
HIAF Future Plan: EicC

- **EicC-I: 2028-2035**

suggest startup R&D for EicC during 2021-2025

Electron-Ion Collider at China: EicC

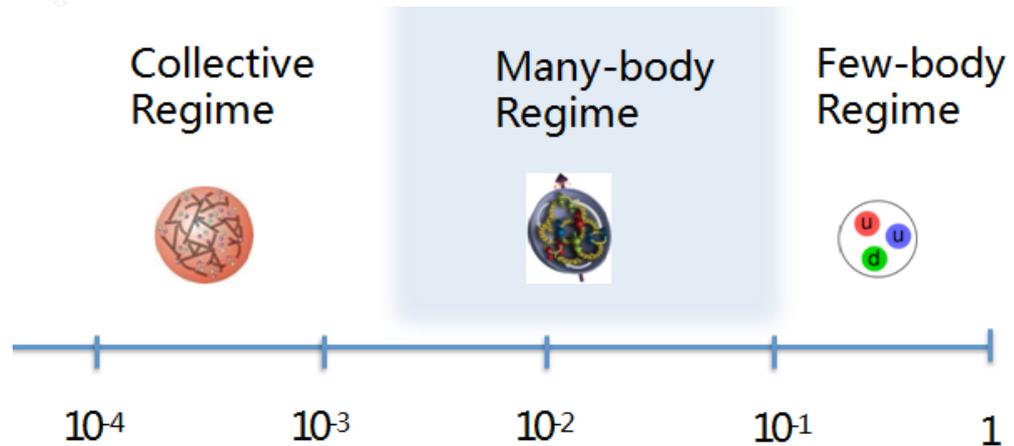
T3: EicC: nucleon structure



super electron microscope

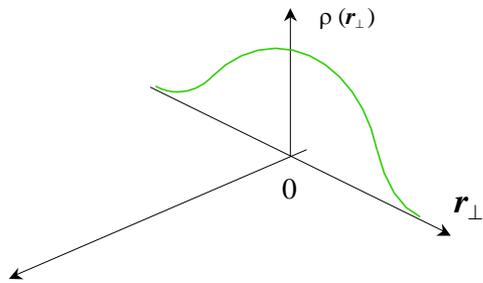
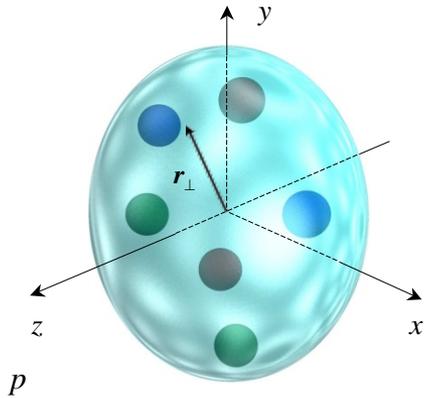


- nucleon structure:
- spin of nucleon
 - mass of nucleon
 - role of gluons
 - confinement
 - exotic states
 - ...



EicC: the structure of the nucleon

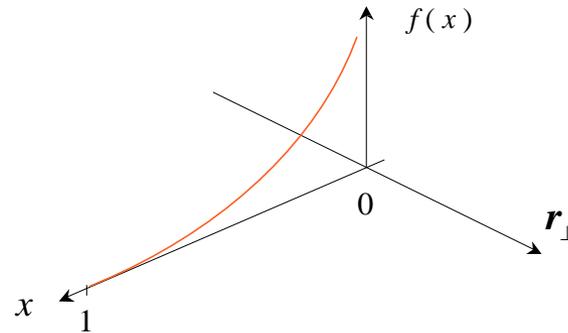
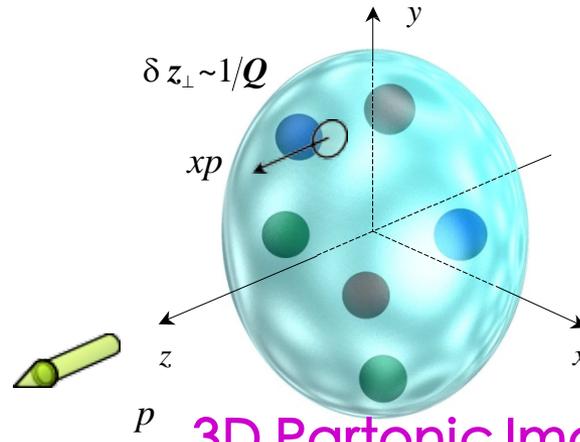
Elastic scattering



Form factors

Nobel prize, 1961

Deeply Inelastic Scattering

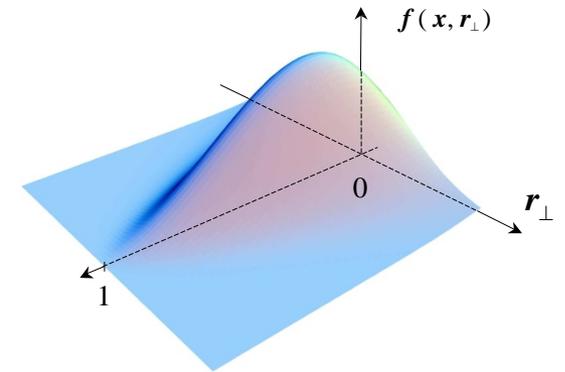
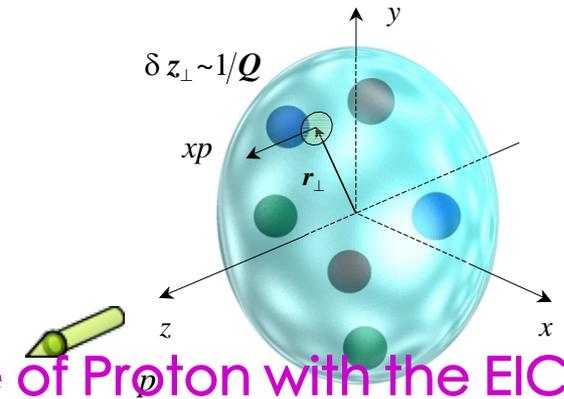


Parton distributions

Nobel prize, 1969

Nobel prize, 1990

Hard exclusive processes



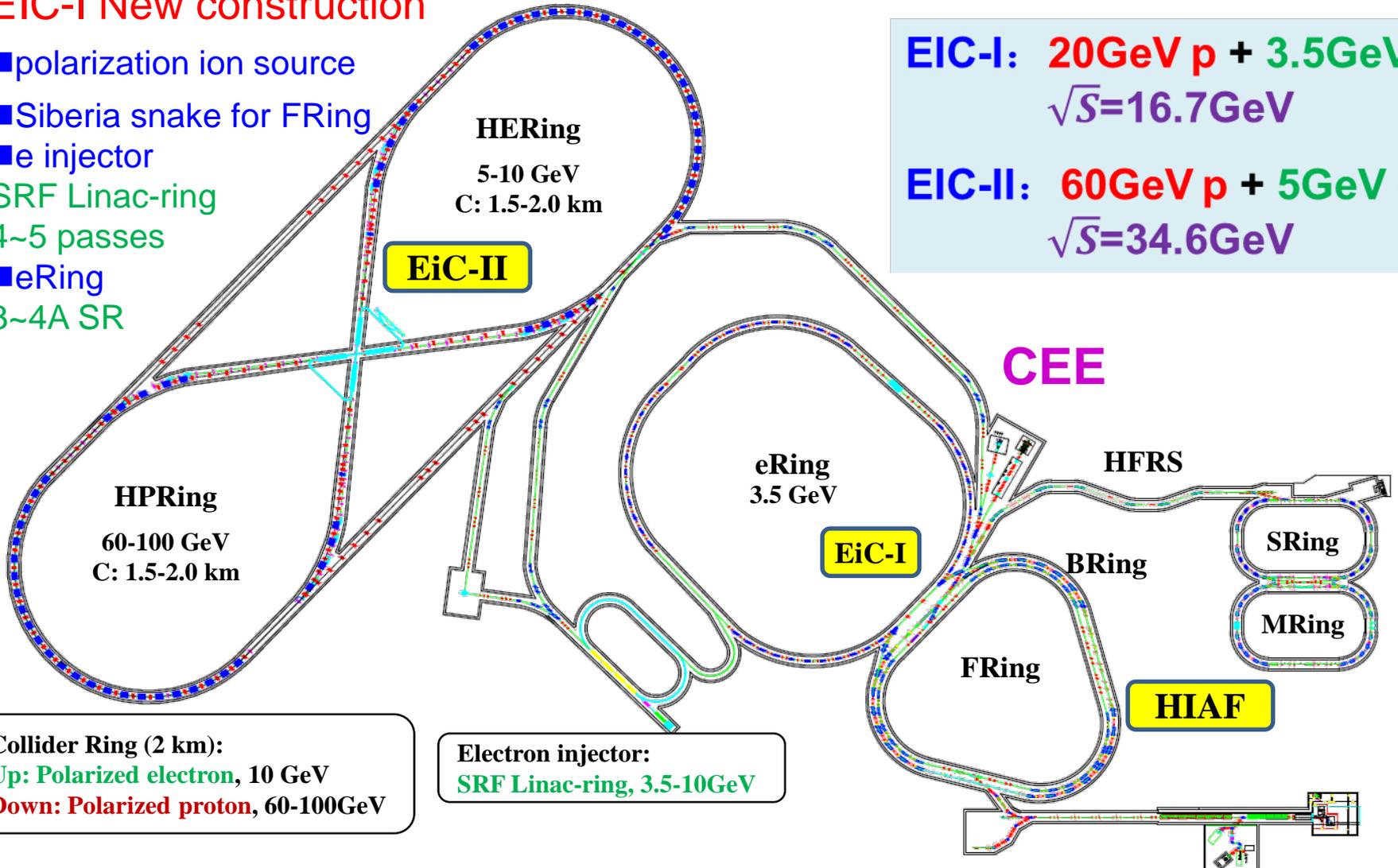
Generalized Parton Distributions (GPDs)

HIAF- EicC-I

Very preliminary!!

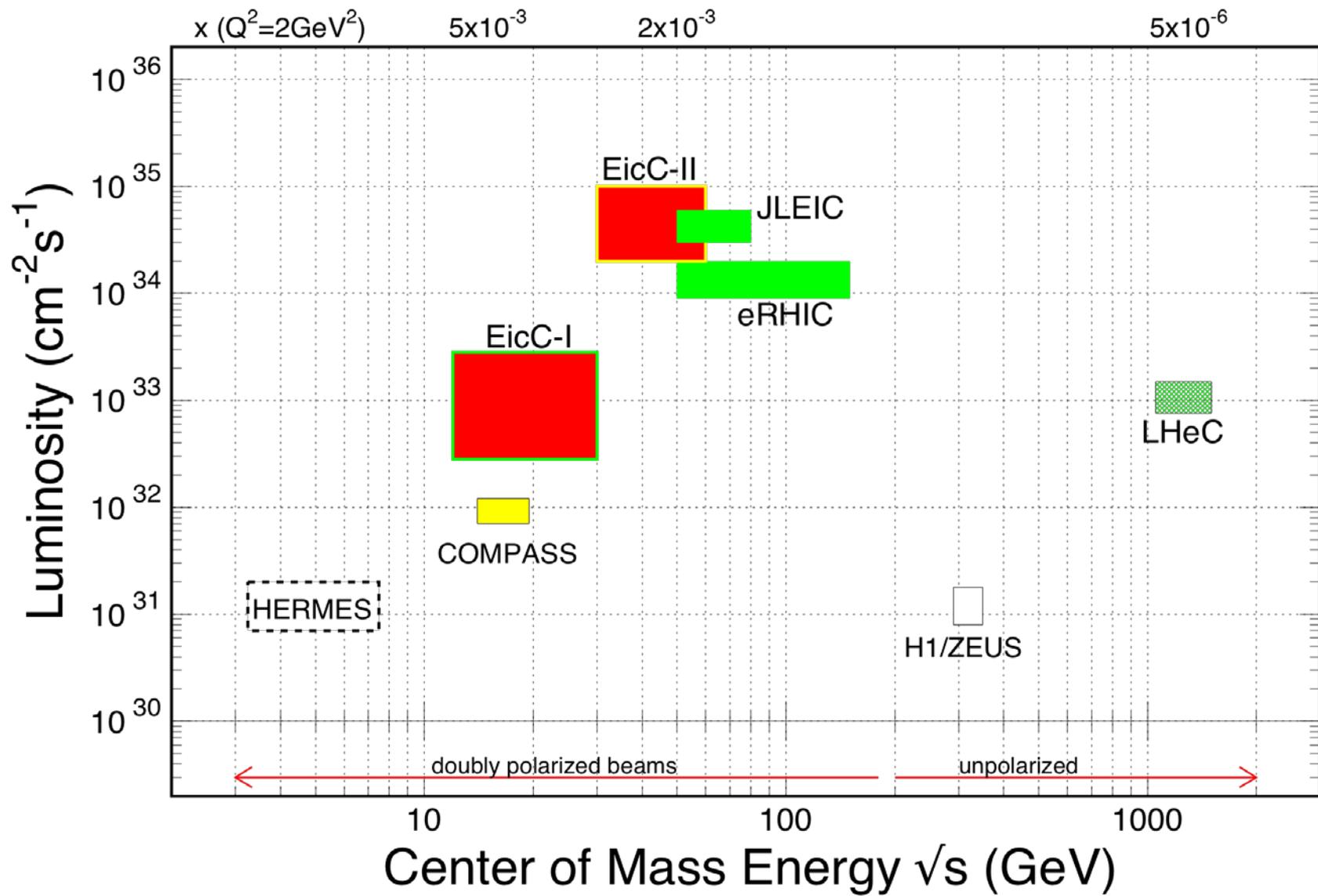
EIC-I New construction

- polarization ion source
- Siberia snake for FRing
- e injector
- SRF Linac-ring
- 4~5 passes
- eRing
- 3~4A SR

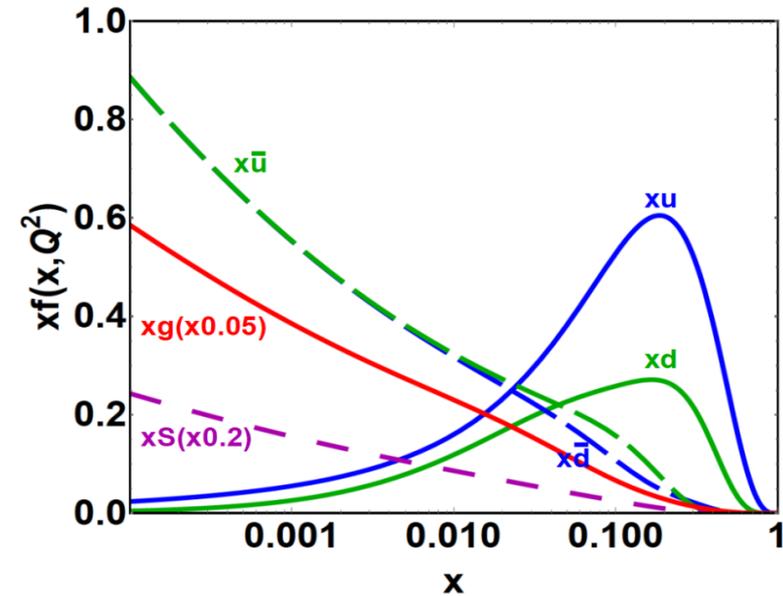
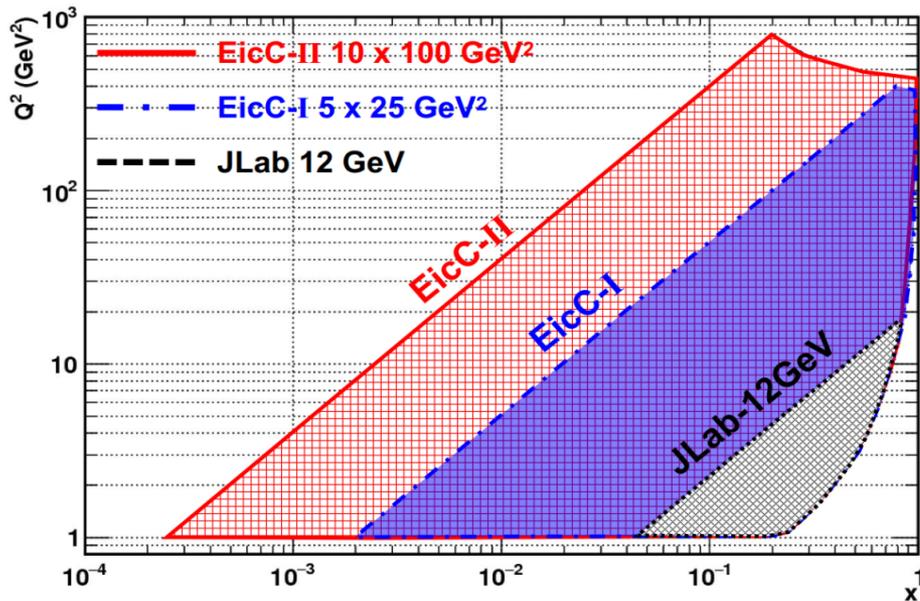


EIC-I: 20 GeV p + 3.5 GeV e
 $\sqrt{S}=16.7 \text{ GeV}$

EIC-II: 60 GeV p + 5 GeV e
 $\sqrt{S}=34.6 \text{ GeV}$



Machine Kinematics and Physics



Compare the kinematic ranges of EicC with JLab 12 GeV

Facilities

JLab 12 GeV (FXT)

EicC-I ($\sqrt{s} \sim 15$ GeV)

EicC-II ($\sqrt{s} \sim 35$ GeV)

Main goals

Valence quark

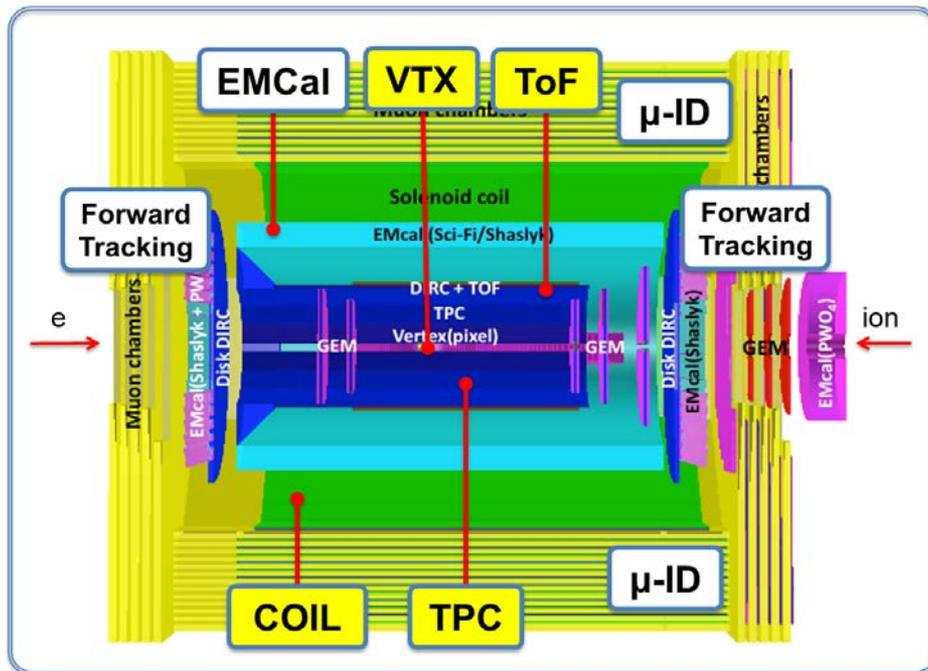
Valence and Sea quark

Sea quark and gluon

EicC Challenge and Detector

- Polarized electron and proton beam
- Interaction region or collision region design
- EIC detector design and construction (Forward tracking)

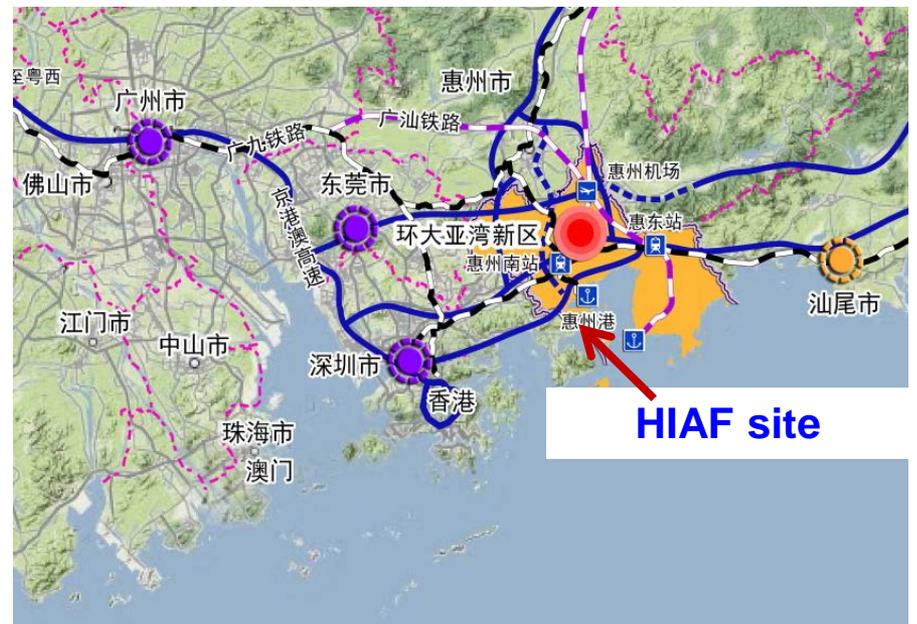
EicC Concept Detector



: We have the technology

: Need international collaborators

HIAF Location



Summary

- HIAF will be one of the next-generation world leading heavy ion facility for advances in nuclear physics and applications
- EicC is the future plan for high-energy nuclear physics in China
 - EicC physics programs complement the world efforts of EIC
 - the working groups are preparing for the EicC whitepaper
- HIAF and EicC: open for the domestic and international collaborations

Thank You !